#### § 375.709

of that portion of the shipment delivered relative to the total weight of the shipment. For example, if you deliver only 2,500 pounds of a shipment weighing 5,000 pounds, you may demand at destination, as applicable, only 50 percent of a binding estimate or 50 percent of not more than 110 percent of a non-binding estimate;

- (ii) Charges for any additional services requested by the shipper after the bill of lading has been issued; and
- (iii) Charges for impracticable operations, if applicable, except that such charges must not exceed 15 percent of all other charges due at delivery.
- (iv) Any specific valuation charge due.
- (2) You must bill and collect from the individual shipper any remaining charges not collected at delivery in accordance with subpart H of this part.
- (b) You must determine, at your own expense, the proportion of the shipment, based on actual or constructive weight, not lost or destroyed in transit.
- (c) You may disregard paragraph (a)(1) of this section if loss or destruction was due to an act or omission of the individual shipper.
- (d) The individual shipper's rights are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other rights the individual shipper may have with respect to a shipment of household goods you or your agent(s) partially lost or destroyed in transit. This applies whether or not the individual shipper exercises any rights to obtain a refund of the portion of your published freight charges responding to the portion of the lost or destroyed shipment (including any charges for accessorial or terminal services) at the time you dispose of claims for loss, damage, or injury to articles in the shipment under part 370 of this chapter.

[72 FR 36775, July 5, 2007]

# § 375.709 If a shipment is totally lost or destroyed, what charges may I collect at delivery?

(a) You are forbidden from collecting, or requiring an individual shipper to pay, any freight charges (including any charges for accessorial or terminal services) when a household goods shipment is totally lost or destroyed in tran-

sit. The following two conditions also apply:

- (1) You must collect any specific valuation charge due.
- (2) You may disregard paragraph (a) of this section if loss or destruction was due to an act or omission of the individual shipper.
- (b) The individual shipper's rights are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other rights the individual shipper may have with respect to a shipment of household goods you or your agent(s) totally lost or destroyed in transit. This applies whether or not the individual shipper exercises its rights provided in paragraph (a) of this section.

#### Subpart H—Collection of Charges

### \$375.801 What types of charges apply to subpart H?

This subpart applies to all shipments of household goods that:

- (a) Entail a balance due freight or expense bill, or
- (b) Are transported on an extension of credit basis.

[69 FR 10577, Mar. 5, 2004]

### $\S\,375.803$ How must I present my freight or expense bill?

You must present your freight or expense bill in accordance with §375.807 of this subpart.

[69 FR 10577, Mar. 5, 2004]

# § 375.805 If I am forced to relinquish a collect-on-delivery shipment before the payment of ALL charges, how do I collect the balance?

On "collect-on-delivery" shipments, you must present your freight bill for all transportation charges within 15 days as required by §375.807.

# § 375.807 What actions may I take to collect the charges upon my freight bill?

- (a) You must present a freight bill within 15 days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and Federal holidays) of the date of delivery of a shipment at its destination.
- (b) The credit period must be seven days (including Saturdays, Sundays, and Federal holidays).
- (c) You must provide in your tariffs the following four things: